

# New solutions to the tetrahedron equation from quantized six-vertex models

Atsuo Kuniba (Univ. Tokyo)

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(arXiv:2208.10258, to appear in Commun. Math. Phys.)

1. Introduction
2. Quantized (6V & YBE)
3. Solutions
4. Conjectures on  $RRRR=RRRR$

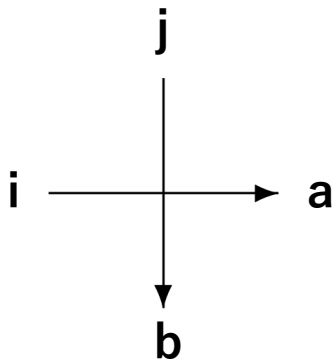
# 1. Introduction

## 2-dimensional (2D) R-matrix

$$R : V \otimes V \rightarrow V \otimes V \quad \text{i.e. } R \in \text{End}(V^{\otimes 2})$$

$$V = \bigoplus_n \mathbb{C}|n\rangle = \begin{cases} \text{space of 1-particle states} \\ \text{space of local spin states} \end{cases}$$

$$R(|i\rangle \otimes |j\rangle) = \sum_{ab} R_{ij}^{ab} |a\rangle \otimes |b\rangle$$

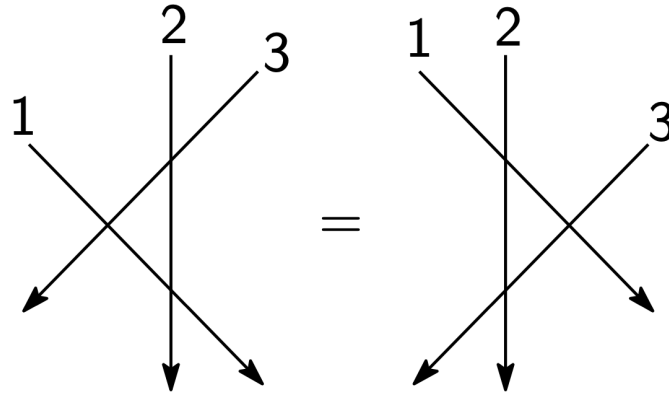
$R =$    $\dots$   $\begin{cases} \text{2 particle scattering amplitude in (1+1)D} \\ \text{local Boltzmann weight of the vertex in 2D} \end{cases}$

# Yang-Baxter equation

$$R_{12}R_{13}R_{23} = R_{23}R_{13}R_{12} \in \text{End}(V^{\otimes 3}),$$

where  $R_{ij}$  acts on the  $i$ th and  $j$ th components:

$$R_{12} : V \otimes V \otimes V, \quad R_{23} : V \otimes V \otimes V, \quad R_{13} : V \otimes V \otimes V$$



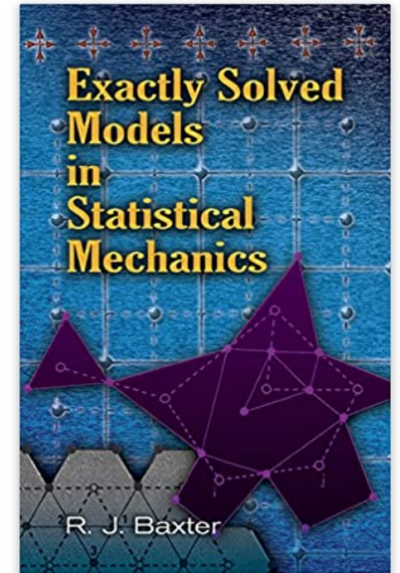
Yang-Baxter equation implies

- Factorization of 3 particle scattering amplitude into 2 body ones
- Commutativity of row transfer matrices in lattice models

Key to quantum integrability in 2D

Naively, for N state model

$N^4$  unknowns  
 $N^6$  equations



# What about 3D?

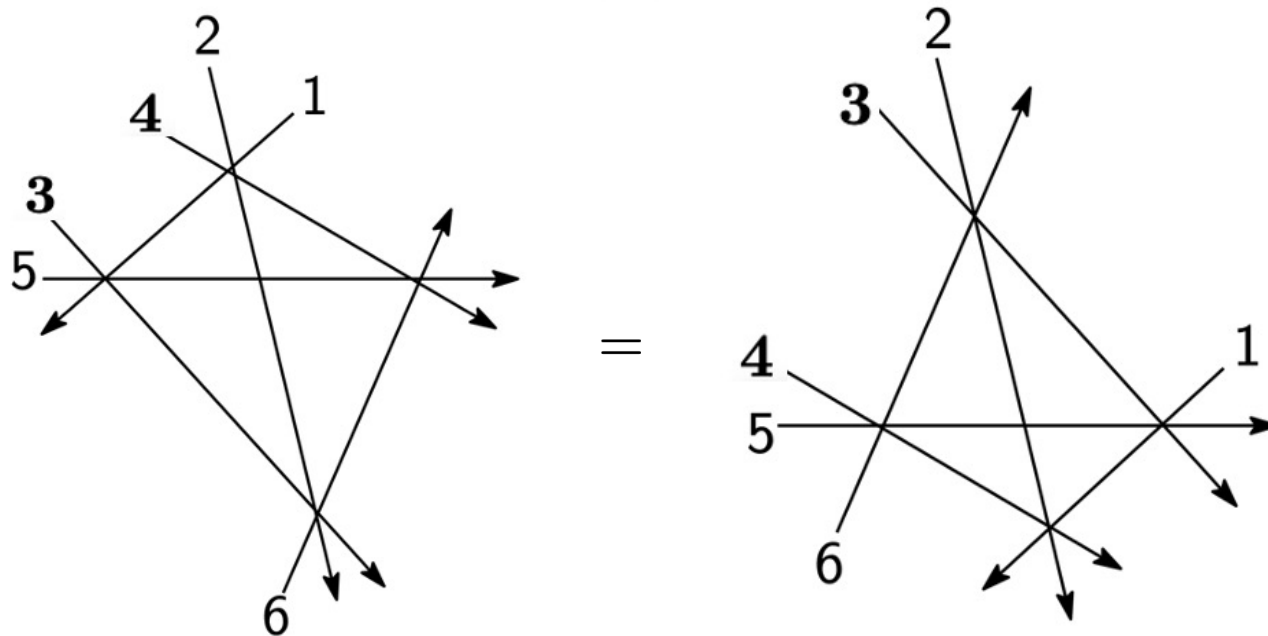
**Tetrahedron equation** (A.B. Zamolodchikov (1980))

$$R : V \otimes V \otimes V \rightarrow V \otimes V \otimes V$$

$$R_{456}R_{236}R_{135}R_{124} = R_{124}R_{135}R_{236}R_{456} \in \text{End}(V^{\otimes 6})$$

Naively, for N state model

$N^6$  unknowns  
 $N^{12}$  equations



The first non-trivial solution was established in early 80's by Zamolodchikov and Baxter.

$R = \begin{cases} 3 \text{ string scattering amplitude in } (2+1)\text{D} \\ \text{local Boltzmann weight of the vertex in 3D} \end{cases}$

## 2. Quantized (6V & YBE)

YBE:

$$L_{23}L_{13}L_{12} = L_{12}L_{13}L_{23}$$

Quantized YBE:  $R_{456}L_{236}L_{135}L_{124} = L_{124}L_{135}L_{236}R_{456}$

... YBE up to conjugation. Also called **RLL relation** or local YBE, etc.

Appeared in several guises and has been studied from various viewpoints by Maillet, Nijhoff, Korepanov, Bazhanov, Kashae, Mangazeev, Sergeev, Stroganov, Okado, Maruyama, Yoneyama, K,...

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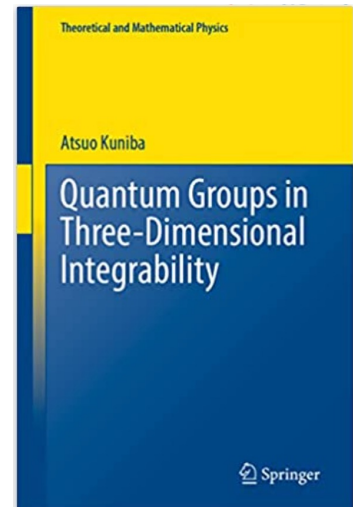
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Has a connection to the quantum group theory, and generalizations to

Quantized reflection equation 
$$K(LGLG) = (GLGL)K$$

Quantized  $G_2$  reflection equation 
$$F(LJLJLJ) = (JLJLJL)F$$

Intriguing applications to stationary states in multispecies totally asymmetric simple-exclusion/zero-range processes in 1D.

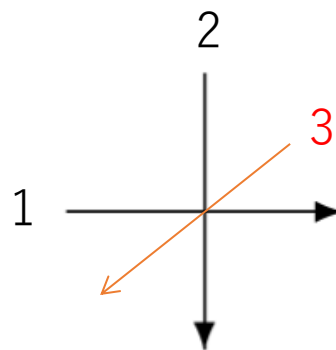
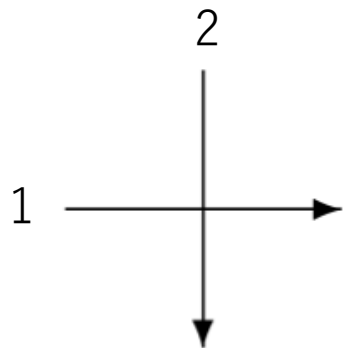


$L_{12}$ 

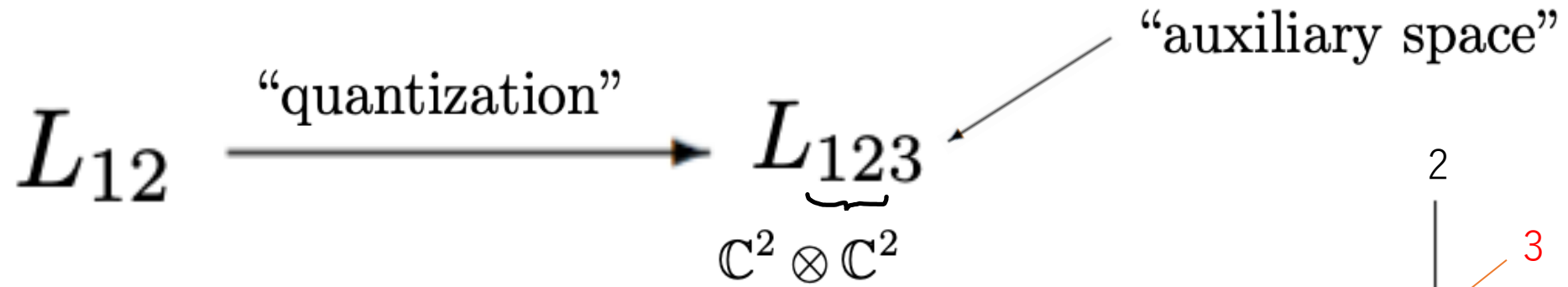
“quantization”

 $L_{123}$  $\underbrace{\mathbb{C}^2 \otimes \mathbb{C}^2}$ 

“auxiliary space”

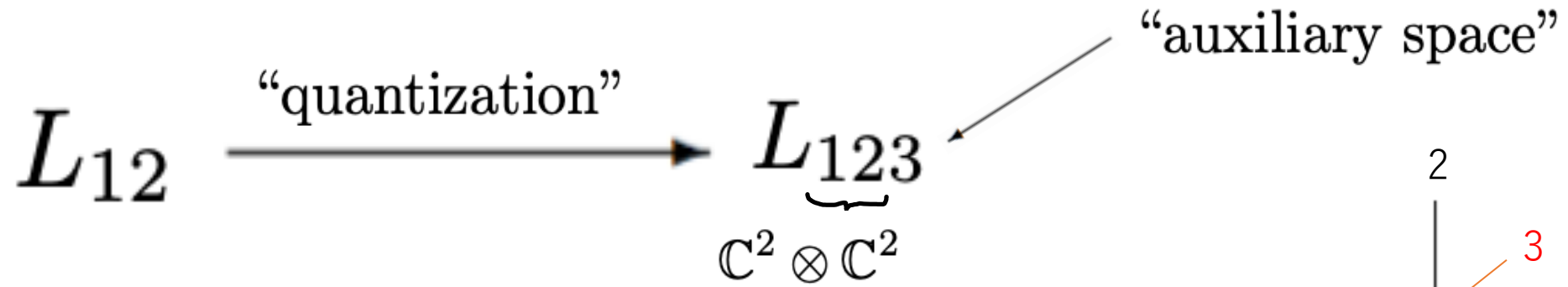




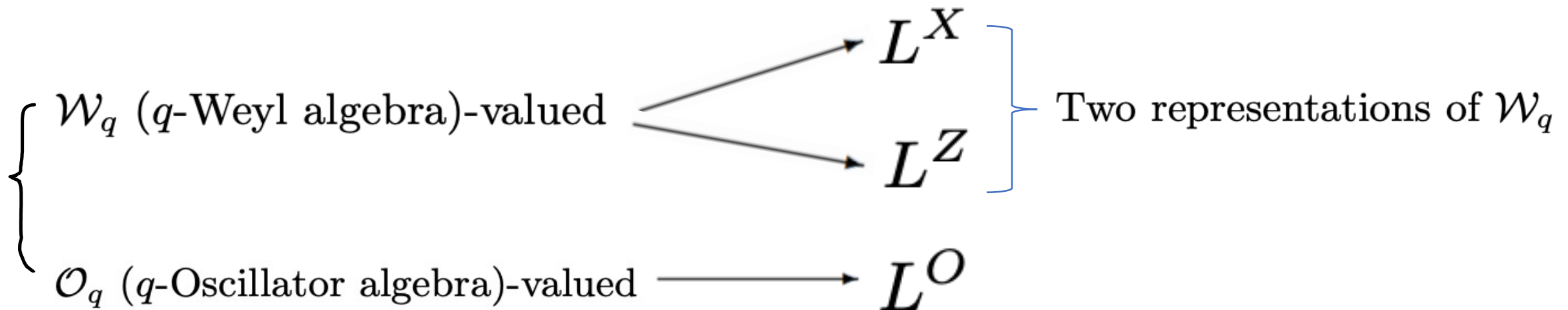


... L-matrix whose elements are

- $\mathcal{W}_q$  ( $q$ -Weyl algebra)-valued
- $\mathcal{O}_q$  ( $q$ -Oscillator algebra)-valued



... L-matrix whose elements are



We will consider  $L^X$ ,  $L^Z$ ,  $L^O$ .

$\mathcal{W}_q$   $q$ -Weyl algebra (generators  $X^{\pm 1}, Z^{\pm 1}$ )

$$XZ = qZX$$

Representations  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \pi_X : X|m\rangle = q^m|m\rangle, \quad Z|m\rangle = |m+1\rangle \\ \pi_Z : X|m\rangle = |m-1\rangle, \quad Z|m\rangle = q^m|m\rangle \end{array} \right.$

These are irreducible representations on

$$F = \bigoplus_{m \in \mathbb{Z}} \mathbb{C}|m\rangle$$

$\pi_X$  vs  $\pi_Z$  ... “coordinate” vs “momentum” representations  
of the  $q$ -canonical commutation relation.

$\mathcal{O}_q$   $q$ -Oscillator algebra

(generators  $\mathbf{k}, \mathbf{a}^+, \mathbf{a}^-$ )

$$\mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}^+ = q \mathbf{a}^+ \mathbf{k}, \quad \mathbf{a}^+ \mathbf{a}^- = 1 - \mathbf{k}^2$$

$$\mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}^- = q^{-1} \mathbf{a}^- \mathbf{k}, \quad \mathbf{a}^- \mathbf{a}^+ = 1 - q^2 \mathbf{k}^2$$

$$\pi_{\mathcal{O}} : \mathbf{k}|m\rangle = q^m |m\rangle, \quad \mathbf{a}^+ |m\rangle = |m+1\rangle, \quad \mathbf{a}^- |m\rangle = (1 - q^{2m}) |m-1\rangle$$

$\pi_{\mathcal{O}}$  is an irreducible representation on

There is an embedding  $\mathcal{O}_q \hookrightarrow \mathcal{W}_q$

$$F_+ = \bigoplus_{m \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}} \mathbb{C}|m\rangle$$

$$\mathbf{k} \mapsto X$$

$$\mathbf{a}^+ \mapsto Z$$

$$\mathbf{a}^- \mapsto Z^{-1}(1 - X^2)$$

$L^A$  ( $A = X, Z, O$ ) are defined by quantized 6V weights  $\pi_A \left( \begin{array}{c} b \\ \uparrow \\ i \text{---} \rightarrow a \\ \downarrow \\ j \end{array} \right)$

$$\begin{array}{cccccc}
 \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ \uparrow \\ 0 \text{---} \rightarrow 0 \\ \downarrow \\ 0 \end{array} &
 \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ \uparrow \\ 1 \text{---} \rightarrow 1 \\ \downarrow \\ 1 \end{array} &
 \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ \uparrow \\ 1 \text{---} \rightarrow 1 \\ \downarrow \\ 0 \end{array} &
 \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ \uparrow \\ 0 \text{---} \rightarrow 0 \\ \downarrow \\ 1 \end{array} &
 \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ \uparrow \\ 0 \text{---} \rightarrow 1 \\ \downarrow \\ 1 \end{array} &
 \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ \uparrow \\ 1 \text{---} \rightarrow 0 \\ \downarrow \\ 0 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} L^X \\ L^Z \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{cccccc} r & s & twX & -qtX & Z & Z^{-1}(rs - t^2wX^2) \end{array}$$

$$L^O \begin{array}{cccccc} 1 & 1 & \mu \mathbf{k} & -q\mu^{-1} \mathbf{k} & \mathbf{a}^+ & \mathbf{a}^- \end{array}$$

$r, s, t, w, \mu$  are parameters.

Relations of generators in  $\mathcal{W}_q, \mathcal{O}_q$  may be viewed as quantizations of the “free-fermion condition” of 6V.

# Quantized YBE = RLL relation = a version of tetrahedron equation

$$R_{456}L_{236}L_{135}L_{124} = L_{124}L_{135}L_{236}R_{456}.$$

$$R \sum_{\alpha, \beta, \gamma} (\mathcal{L}_{ij}^{\alpha\beta} \otimes \mathcal{L}_{\alpha k}^{a\gamma} \otimes \mathcal{L}_{\beta\gamma}^{bc}) = \sum_{\alpha, \beta, \gamma} (\mathcal{L}_{\alpha\beta}^{ab} \otimes \mathcal{L}_{i\gamma}^{\alpha c} \otimes \mathcal{L}_{jk}^{\beta\gamma}) R$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\gamma\delta}^{\alpha\beta} = \gamma \begin{array}{c} \beta \\ \uparrow \\ \text{---} \\ \downarrow \\ \delta \end{array} \alpha$$

$$\sum_{\alpha, \beta, \gamma} R_{456} \circ \left[ \begin{array}{c} c \\ \uparrow \\ i \text{---} 4 \text{---} \beta \text{---} 6 \text{---} b \\ \text{---} \alpha \text{---} 5 \text{---} \gamma \\ \downarrow \\ j \text{---} \alpha \text{---} 5 \text{---} a \\ \text{---} k \end{array} \right] = \sum_{\alpha, \beta, \gamma} \left[ \begin{array}{c} c \\ \uparrow \\ i \text{---} 5 \text{---} \alpha \text{---} 4 \text{---} b \\ \text{---} \gamma \text{---} 6 \text{---} \beta \\ \downarrow \\ j \text{---} 6 \text{---} \beta \text{---} a \\ \text{---} k \end{array} \right] \circ R_{456}$$

... Linear equations on R.

R depends on the choice of the three kinds of L's as

$$RL^Z L^Z L^Z = L^Z L^Z L^Z R \longrightarrow R = R^{ZZZ}$$

$$RL^Z L^O L^O = L^O L^O L^Z R \longrightarrow R = R^{OOZ}$$

In general

$$RL^C L^B L^A = L^A L^B L^C R \longrightarrow R = R^{ABC}$$

## RLLL relation for q-Weyl algebra case

$$Y_\alpha = Z^{-1}(r_\alpha s_\alpha - t_\alpha^2 w_\alpha X^2)$$

$$R(1 \otimes X \otimes X) = (1 \otimes X \otimes X)R,$$

$$R(r_2 t_1 X \otimes 1 \otimes Y_3 + t_3 Z \otimes Y_2 \otimes X) = r_1 t_2 (1 \otimes X \otimes Y_3)R,$$

$$R(-q t_1 t_3 w_1 X \otimes Y_2 \otimes X + r_2 Y_1 \otimes 1 \otimes Y_3) = r_1 r_3 (1 \otimes Y_2 \otimes 1)R,$$

$$r_1 t_2 R(1 \otimes X \otimes Z) = (r_2 t_1 X \otimes 1 \otimes Z + t_3 Y_1 \otimes Z \otimes X)R,$$

$$R(q r_2 t_1 t_3 w_3 X \otimes 1 \otimes X - Z \otimes Y_2 \otimes Z) = (q r_2 t_1 t_3 w_3 X \otimes 1 \otimes X - Y_1 \otimes Z \otimes Y_3)R,$$

$$R(t_1 w_1 X \otimes Y_2 \otimes Z + r_2 t_3 w_3 Y_1 \otimes 1 \otimes X) = r_3 t_2 w_2 (Y_1 \otimes X \otimes 1)R,$$

$$R(X \otimes X \otimes 1) = (X \otimes X \otimes 1)R,$$

$$s_3 t_2 R(Y_1 \otimes X \otimes 1) = (t_1 X \otimes Y_2 \otimes Z + s_2 t_3 Y_1 \otimes 1 \otimes X)R,$$

$$s_1 s_3 R(1 \otimes Y_2 \otimes 1) = (-q t_1 t_3 w_3 X \otimes Y_2 \otimes X + s_2 Y_1 \otimes 1 \otimes Y_3)R,$$

$$r_1 r_3 R(1 \otimes Z \otimes 1) = (-q t_1 t_3 w_1 X \otimes Z \otimes X + r_2 Z \otimes 1 \otimes Z)R,$$

$$r_3 t_2 w_2 R(Z \otimes X \otimes 1) = (t_1 w_1 X \otimes Z \otimes Y_3 + r_2 t_3 w_3 Z \otimes 1 \otimes X)R,$$

$$R(X \otimes X \otimes 1) = (X \otimes X \otimes 1)R,$$

$$R(t_1 X \otimes Z \otimes Y_3 + s_2 t_3 Z \otimes 1 \otimes X) = s_3 t_2 (Z \otimes X \otimes 1)R,$$

$$R(-q s_2 t_1 t_3 w_1 X \otimes 1 \otimes X + Y_1 \otimes Z \otimes Y_3) = (-q s_2 t_1 t_3 w_1 X \otimes 1 \otimes X + Z \otimes Y_2 \otimes Z)R,$$

$$R(s_1 t_2 w_2 1 \otimes X \otimes Y_3) = (s_2 t_1 w_1 X \otimes 1 \otimes Y_3 + t_3 w_3 Z \otimes Y_2 \otimes X)R,$$

$$R(-q t_1 t_3 w_3 X \otimes Z \otimes X + s_2 Z \otimes 1 \otimes Z) = s_1 s_3 (1 \otimes Z \otimes 1)R,$$

$$R(t_3 w_3 Y_1 \otimes Z \otimes X + s_2 t_1 w_1 X \otimes 1 \otimes Z) = s_1 t_2 w_2 (1 \otimes X \otimes Z)R,$$

$$R(1 \otimes X \otimes X) = (1 \otimes X \otimes X)R.$$



$R = R^{ZZZ}$  case

$$R(|i\rangle \otimes |j\rangle \otimes |k\rangle) = \sum_{a,b,c} R_{i,j,k}^{a,b,c} |a\rangle \otimes |b\rangle \otimes |c\rangle$$

$$(0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1) : R_{i,j,k}^{a,b+1,c+1} = R_{i,j-1,k-1}^{a,b,c}$$

$$(0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0) : q^c r_2 w_1 R_{i,j,k}^{a+1,b,c} + q^{-a+b} w_3 (r_1 s_1 R_{i,j,k}^{a,b,c+1} + t_1 w_1 R_{i,j,k}^{a+2,b,c+1}) = q^k r_1 w_2 R_{i,j-1,k}^{a,b,c}$$

$$(0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0) : q^{a+c} r_2 R_{i,j,k}^{a,b,c} + q^{b+1} t_1 w_3 R_{i,j,k}^{a+1,b,c+1} = q^j r_1 r_3 R_{i,j,k}^{a,b,c}$$

$$(0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1) : q^{-c} r_1 w_2 (r_3 s_3 R_{i,j,k}^{a,b+1,c} + t_3 w_3 R_{i,j,k}^{a,b+1,c+2}) = q^{-k} r_2 w_1 (r_3 s_3 R_{i-1,j,k}^{a,b,c} + q^2 t_3 w_3 R_{i-1,j,k-2}^{a,b,c}) + q^{i-j} w_3 (r_2 s_2 R_{i,j,k-1}^{a,b,c} + q^2 t_2 w_2 R_{i,j-2,k-1}^{a,b,c}),$$

$$(0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0) : q r_2 t_3 w_1 R_{i,j,k}^{a+1,b,c+1} + q^{-a+b-c} (r_3 s_3 (r_1 s_1 R_{i,j,k}^{a,b,c} + t_1 w_1 R_{i,j,k}^{a+2,b,c}) + t_3 w_3 (r_1 s_1 R_{i,j,k}^{a,b,c+2} + t_1 w_1 R_{i,j,k}^{a+2,b,c+2})) \\ = q r_2 t_3 w_1 R_{i-1,j,k-1}^{a,b,c} + q^{i-j+k} (r_2 s_2 R_{i,j,k}^{a,b,c} + q^2 t_2 w_2 R_{i,j-2,k}^{a,b,c}),$$

$$(0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0) : q^a r_2 t_3 R_{i,j,k}^{a,b,c+1} + q^{b-c} t_1 (r_3 s_3 R_{i,j,k}^{a+1,b,c} + t_3 w_3 R_{i,j,k}^{a+1,b,c+2}) = q^i r_3 t_2 R_{i,j-1,k}^{a,b,c}$$

$$(0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1) : R_{i,j,k}^{a+1,b+1,c} = R_{i-1,j-1,k}^{a,b,c}$$

$$(0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1) : q^a s_3 w_2 R_{i,j,k}^{a,b+1,c} = q^i s_2 w_3 R_{i,j,k-1}^{a,b,c} + q^{j-k} w_1 (r_3 s_3 R_{i-1,j,k}^{a,b,c} + t_3 w_3 q^2 R_{i-1,j,k-2}^{a,b,c}),$$

$$(0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0) : q^b s_1 s_3 R_{i,j,k}^{a,b,c} = q^{i+k} s_2 R_{i,j,k}^{a,b,c} + q^{j+1} t_3 w_1 R_{i-1,j,k-1}^{a,b,c}$$

$$(1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1) : q^{-b} r_1 r_3 (r_2 s_2 R_{i,j,k}^{a,b,c} + t_2 w_2 R_{i,j,k}^{a,b+2,c}) = q^{-j+1} t_1 w_3 (r_2 s_2 R_{i-1,j,k-1}^{a,b,c} + q^2 t_2 w_2 R_{i-1,j-2,k-1}^{a,b,c}) \\ + q^{-i-k} r_2 (r_1 s_1 (r_3 s_3 R_{i,j,k}^{a,b,c} + q^2 t_3 w_3 R_{i,j,k-2}^{a,b,c}) + q^2 t_1 w_1 (r_3 s_3 R_{i-2,j,k}^{a,b,c} + q^2 t_3 w_3 R_{i-2,j,k-2}^{a,b,c})),$$

$$(1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0) : q^{-a} r_3 t_2 (r_1 s_1 R_{i,j,k}^{a,b+1,c} + t_1 w_1 R_{i,j,k}^{a+2,b+1,c}) = q^{-i} r_2 t_3 (r_1 s_1 R_{i,j,k-1}^{a,b,c} + t_1 w_1 q^2 R_{i-2,j,k-1}^{a,b,c}) + q^{-j+k} t_1 (r_2 s_2 R_{i-1,j,k}^{a,b,c} + q^2 t_2 w_2 R_{i-1,j-2,k}^{a,b,c}),$$

$$(1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0) : R_{i,j,k}^{a+1,b+1,c} = R_{i-1,j-1,k}^{a,b,c}$$

$$(1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1) : q^{-a} s_2 w_3 (r_1 s_1 R_{i,j,k}^{a,b,c+1} + t_1 w_1 R_{i,j,k}^{a+2,b,c+1}) + q^{-b+c} w_1 (r_2 s_2 R_{i,j,k}^{a+1,b,c} + t_2 w_2 R_{i,j,k}^{a+1,b+2,c}) = q^{-i} s_3 w_2 (r_1 s_1 R_{i,j-1,k}^{a,b,c} + q^2 t_1 w_1 R_{i-2,j-1,k}^{a,b,c}),$$

$$(1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1) : q s_2 t_1 w_3 R_{i,j,k}^{a+1,b,c+1} + q^{a-b+c} (r_2 s_2 R_{i,j,k}^{a,b,c} + t_2 w_2 R_{i,j,k}^{a,b+2,c}) \\ = q s_2 t_1 w_3 R_{i-1,j,k-1}^{a,b,c} + q^{-i+j-k} (r_1 s_1 (r_3 s_3 R_{i,j,k}^{a,b,c} + q^2 t_3 w_3 R_{i,j,k-2}^{a,b,c}) + q^2 t_1 w_1 (r_3 s_3 R_{i-2,j,k}^{a,b,c} + q^2 t_3 w_3 R_{i-2,j,k-2}^{a,b,c})),$$

$$(1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0) : q^c s_1 t_2 R_{i,j,k}^{a,b+1,c} = q^k s_2 t_1 R_{i-1,j,k}^{a,b,c} + q^{-i+j} t_3 (r_1 s_1 R_{i,j,k-1}^{a,b,c} + q^2 t_1 w_1 R_{i-2,j,k-1}^{a,b,c}),$$

$$(1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1) : q^{-a-c} s_2 (r_1 s_1 (r_3 s_3 R_{i,j,k}^{a,b,c} + t_3 w_3 R_{i,j,k}^{a,b,c+2}) + t_1 w_1 (r_3 s_3 R_{i,j,k}^{a+2,b,c} + t_3 w_3 R_{i,j,k}^{a+2,b,c+2})) \\ + q^{-b+1} t_3 w_1 (r_2 s_2 R_{i,j,k}^{a+1,b,c+1} + t_2 w_2 R_{i,j,k}^{a+1,b+2,c+1}) = q^{-j} s_1 s_3 (r_2 s_2 R_{i,j,k}^{a,b,c} + q^2 t_2 w_2 R_{i,j-2,k}^{a,b,c}),$$

$$(1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1) : q^{-c} s_2 t_1 (r_3 s_3 R_{i,j,k}^{a+1,b,c} + t_3 w_3 R_{i,j,k}^{a+1,b,c+2}) + q^{-b} t_3 (r_2 s_2 R_{i,j,k}^{a,b,c+1} + t_2 w_2 R_{i,j,k}^{a,b+2,c+1}) = q^{-k} s_1 t_2 (r_3 s_3 R_{i,j-1,k}^{a,b,c} + q^2 t_3 w_3 R_{i,j-1,k-2}^{a,b,c}),$$

$$(1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0) : R_{i,j,k}^{a,b+1,c+1} = R_{i,j-1,k-1}^{a,b,c}$$



# Result

- (1) There always exists a unique  $R$  up to normalization in each sector specified by an appropriate parity condition.

The solution  $R^{ABC}$  is explicitly obtained for

ABC	feature	locally finiteness
ZZZ	factorized	no
OZZ	$2\phi_1$	no
ZZO	$2\phi_1$	no
ZOZ	$3\phi_2$ -like	no
OOZ	factorized	yes
ZOO	factorized	yes
OZO	factorized	no
OOO	$2\phi_1$	yes
XXZ	factorized	no
ZXX	factorized	no
XZX	factorized	no

New except for OOO.

$$R(|i\rangle \otimes |j\rangle \otimes |k\rangle) = \sum_{a,b,c} R_{i,j,k}^{a,b,c} |a\rangle \otimes |b\rangle \otimes |c\rangle$$

We say that  $R$  is **locally finite** if  $R_{i,j,k}^{a,b,c} = 0$  for all but finitely many  $(a,b,c)$  for any given  $(i,j,k)$ .

- (2) Relation to quantized coordinate ring  $Aq(\mathfrak{sl}_n)$
- (3) Conjecture on tetrahedron equation of type  $RRRR = RRRR$

$$(z; q)_m = \frac{(z; q)_\infty}{(zq^m; q)_\infty}, \quad (z; q)_\infty = \prod_{n \geq 0} (1 - zq^n).$$

$${}_2\phi_1 \left( \begin{matrix} \alpha, \beta \\ \gamma \end{matrix}; q, z \right) = \sum_{n \geq 0} \frac{(\alpha; q)_n (\beta; q)_n}{(\gamma; q)_n (q; q)_n} z^n$$

### 3. Solutions

$R^{ZZZ}$

$$R^{ZZZ} \in \text{End}(F \otimes F \otimes F)$$

$(r_1, s_1, t_1, w_1)$     $(r_2, s_2, t_2, w_2)$     $(r_3, s_3, t_3, w_3)$

$$R_{i,j,k}^{a,b,c} = \left( \frac{r_2}{t_1 t_3 w_1} \right)^{\frac{d_1}{2}} \left( \frac{s_2}{t_1 t_3 w_3} \right)^{\frac{d_2}{2}} \left( \frac{t_2}{s_1 t_3} \right)^{\frac{d_3}{2}} \left( \frac{t_2 w_2}{s_3 t_1 w_1} \right)^{\frac{d_4}{2}}$$

$$\times q^\varphi \frac{\Phi_{d_2} \left( \frac{s_1 s_3}{s_2} \right) \Phi_{d_3} \left( \frac{r_3 w_2}{s_3 w_1} \right) \Phi_{d_4} \left( \frac{r_1 w_3}{s_1 w_2} \right)}{\Phi_{-d_1} \left( \frac{q^2 r_1 r_3}{r_2} \right) \Phi_{d_3+d_4} \left( \frac{r_1 r_3 w_3}{s_1 s_3 w_1} \right)},$$

$a, b, c, i, j, k \in \mathbb{Z}$


$$\varphi = \frac{1}{4} \left( (d_1 - d_2)(d_1 + d_2 + d_3 + d_4) + d_3 d_4 \right) - d_1,$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} d_1 \\ d_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a + c - j \\ b - i - k \end{pmatrix}, \quad \begin{pmatrix} d_3 \\ d_4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -a - b + c + i + j - k \\ a - b - c - i + j + k \end{pmatrix}$$

Factorized  
Not locally finite

$$\Phi_m(z) = \frac{1}{(zq^m; q^2)_\infty} \quad (m \in \mathbb{Z}),$$

# R<sup>OZZ</sup>

$$R^{OZZ} \in \text{End}(F_+ \otimes F \otimes F)$$

$$\mu \quad (r_2, s_2, t_2, w_2) \quad (r_3, s_3, t_3, w_3)$$

$$R_{i,j,k}^{a,b,c} = \left(\frac{r_2}{r_3}\right)^a \left(\frac{s_3}{s_2}\right)^i \left(\frac{t_2 w_2}{\mu s_2}\right)^{-b+j} \left(-\frac{\mu t_3}{r_3}\right)^{-c+k} \frac{(z; q^2)_a}{(q^2; q^2)_a} q^{(a-b+j-1)c - (i-b+j-1)k - aj + bi} ;$$
$$\times {}_2\phi_1 \left( \begin{matrix} q^{-2i}, z^{-1}q^2 \\ z^{-1}q^{-2a+2} \end{matrix} ; q^2, yq^{2i+2j-2a-2b} \right).$$

$a, i \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}, b, c, j, k \in \mathbb{Z}$

$$x = \frac{\mu^2 s_2}{r_2 w_2}, \quad y = \frac{r_3 w_3}{\mu^2 s_3}, \quad z = x q^{2k-2c+2}$$

q-hypergeometric, instead of factorization.  
Not locally finite.

**R<sup>00Z</sup>**

$$R^{OOZ} \in \text{End}(F_+ \otimes F_+ \otimes F)$$

$\begin{array}{ccc} \uparrow & \nearrow & \uparrow \\ \mu_1 & \mu_2 & (r_3, s_3, t_3, w_3) \end{array}$

$\exists$  unique solution iff  $\frac{\mu_1}{\mu_2} = q^d$  for some  $d \in \mathbb{Z}$ .

$$R_{i,j,k}^{a,b,c} = s_3^i (\mu_2 t_3)^{-a} \left( \frac{\mu_2 s_3}{t_3 w_3} \right)^j \left( \frac{t_3^2 w_3}{r_3 s_3} \right)^e q^{cj-bk} \frac{(q^{2+2e-2j}; q^2)_j (q^{2a+2}; q^2)_{i-a}}{(q^2; q^2)_f (q^{2a-2e}; q^2)_{e-a}}$$

$$e = \frac{1}{2}(a - c + j + k + d), \quad f = \frac{1}{2}(b + c + i - k - d). \quad a, b, i, j \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}, \quad c, k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Factorized. Locally finite.

$R^{000}$

$$R^{000} \in \text{End}(F_+ \otimes F_+ \otimes F_+)$$

$\begin{array}{ccc} \uparrow & \uparrow & \nearrow \\ \mu_1 & \mu_2 & \mu_3 \end{array}$

$$R_{i,j,k}^{a,b,c} = \delta_{i+j}^{a+b} \delta_{j+k}^{b+c} \left(\frac{\mu_3}{\mu_2}\right)^i \left(-\frac{\mu_1}{\mu_3}\right)^b \left(\frac{\mu_2}{\mu_1}\right)^k q^{ik+b(k-i+1)}$$

$$\times \frac{(q^2; q^2)_{a+b}}{(q^2; q^2)_a (q^2; q^2)_b} {}_2\phi_1 \left( \begin{matrix} q^{-2b}, q^{-2i} \\ q^{-2a-2b} \end{matrix}; q^2, q^{-2c} \right)$$

$$a, b, c, i, j, k \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}$$

Locally finite.

For this 3d R, representation theoretical origin  
(quantized coordinate ring, PBW bases, ...) is known.



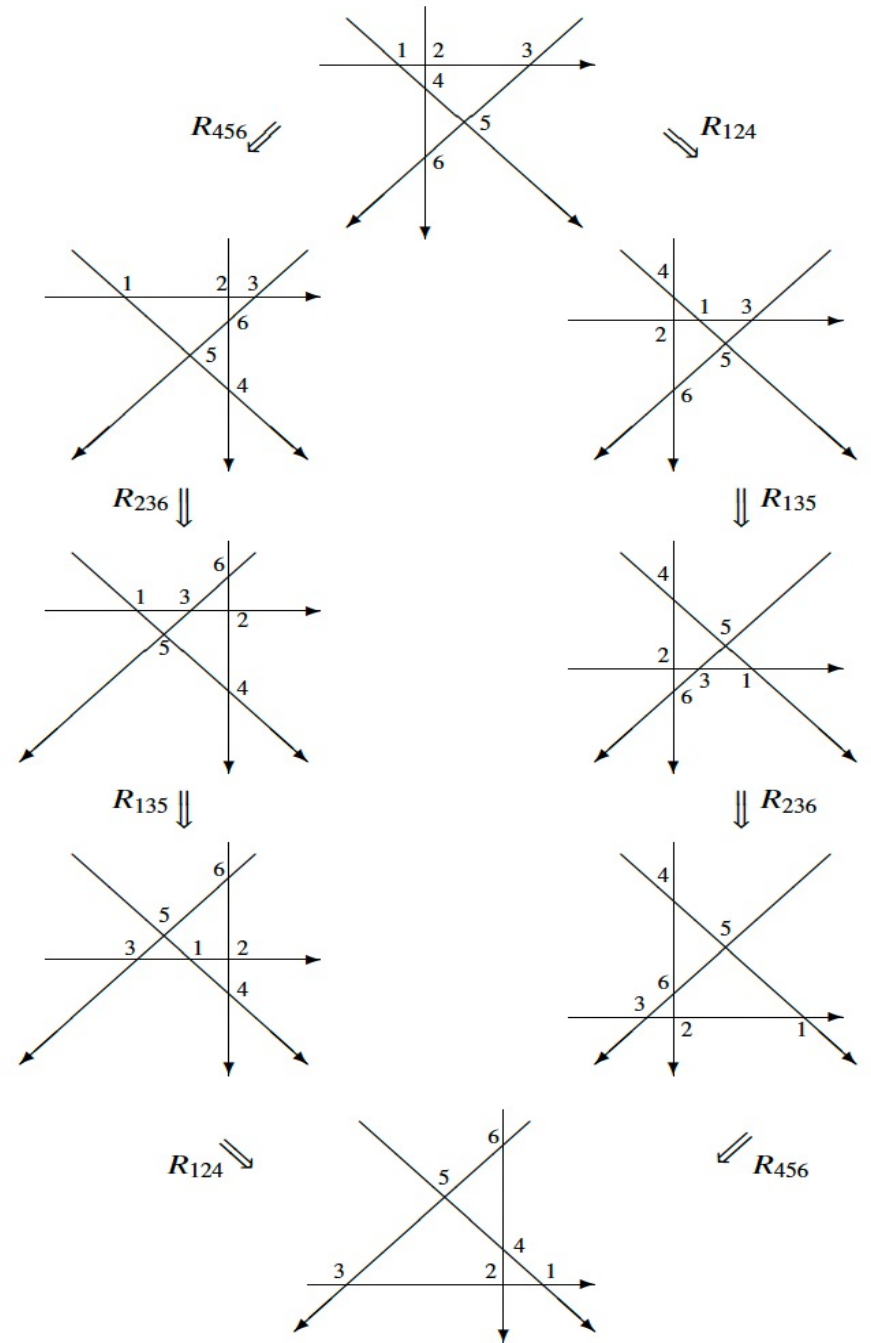
# 4. Conjecture on RRRR=RRRR

$$\begin{aligned}
 & R_{124}R_{135}R_{236}R_{456}L_{\alpha\beta 6}L_{\alpha\gamma 5}L_{\beta\gamma 4}L_{\alpha\delta 3}L_{\beta\delta 2}L_{\gamma\delta 1} \\
 &= R_{124}R_{135}R_{236}L_{\beta\gamma 4}L_{\alpha\gamma 5}L_{\alpha\beta 6}L_{\alpha\delta 3}L_{\beta\delta 2}L_{\gamma\delta 1}R_{456} \\
 &= R_{124}R_{135}L_{\beta\gamma 4}L_{\alpha\gamma 5}L_{\beta\delta 2}L_{\alpha\delta 3}L_{\alpha\beta 6}L_{\gamma\delta 1}R_{236}R_{456} \\
 &= R_{124}R_{135}L_{\beta\gamma 4}L_{\beta\delta 2}L_{\alpha\gamma 5}L_{\alpha\delta 3}L_{\gamma\delta 1}L_{\alpha\beta 6}R_{236}R_{456} \\
 &= R_{124}L_{\beta\gamma 4}L_{\beta\delta 2}L_{\gamma\delta 1}L_{\alpha\delta 3}L_{\alpha\gamma 5}L_{\alpha\beta 6}R_{135}R_{236}R_{456} \\
 &= L_{\gamma\delta 1}L_{\beta\delta 2}L_{\beta\gamma 4}L_{\alpha\delta 3}L_{\alpha\gamma 5}L_{\alpha\beta 6}R_{124}R_{135}R_{236}R_{456}, \\
 &= L_{\gamma\delta 1}L_{\beta\delta 2}L_{\alpha\delta 3}L_{\beta\gamma 4}L_{\alpha\gamma 5}L_{\alpha\beta 6}R_{124}R_{135}R_{236}R_{456},
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & R_{456}R_{236}R_{135}R_{124}L_{\alpha\beta 6}L_{\alpha\gamma 5}L_{\beta\gamma 4}L_{\alpha\delta 3}L_{\beta\delta 2}L_{\gamma\delta 1} \\
 &= R_{456}R_{236}R_{135}R_{124}L_{\alpha\beta 6}L_{\alpha\gamma 5}L_{\alpha\delta 3}L_{\beta\gamma 4}L_{\beta\delta 2}L_{\gamma\delta 1} \\
 &= R_{456}R_{236}R_{135}L_{\alpha\beta 6}L_{\alpha\gamma 5}L_{\alpha\delta 3}L_{\gamma\delta 1}L_{\beta\delta 2}L_{\beta\gamma 4}R_{124} \\
 &= R_{456}R_{236}L_{\alpha\beta 6}L_{\gamma\delta 1}L_{\alpha\delta 3}L_{\alpha\gamma 5}L_{\beta\delta 2}L_{\beta\gamma 4}R_{135}R_{124} \\
 &= R_{456}R_{236}L_{\gamma\delta 1}L_{\alpha\beta 6}L_{\alpha\delta 3}L_{\beta\delta 2}L_{\alpha\gamma 5}L_{\beta\gamma 4}R_{135}R_{124} \\
 &= R_{456}L_{\gamma\delta 1}L_{\beta\delta 2}L_{\alpha\delta 3}L_{\alpha\beta 6}L_{\alpha\gamma 5}L_{\beta\gamma 4}R_{236}R_{135}R_{124} \\
 &= L_{\gamma\delta 1}L_{\beta\delta 2}L_{\alpha\delta 3}L_{\beta\gamma 4}L_{\alpha\gamma 5}L_{\alpha\beta 6}R_{456}R_{236}R_{135}R_{124}.
 \end{aligned}$$

$(R_{124}R_{135}R_{236}R_{456})^{-1}R_{456}R_{236}R_{135}R_{124}$  commutes with  $L_{\alpha\beta 6}L_{\alpha\gamma 5}L_{\beta\gamma 4}L_{\alpha\delta 3}L_{\beta\delta 2}L_{\gamma\delta 1}$ .

→  $R_{456}R_{236}R_{135}R_{124} = R_{124}R_{135}R_{236}R_{456}$  if irreducible.



In our case, a similar procedure starting from  $L_{\alpha\beta 6}^F L_{\alpha\gamma 5}^E L_{\beta\gamma 4}^D L_{\alpha\delta 3}^C L_{\beta\delta 2}^B L_{\gamma\delta 1}^A$  suggests

$$R_{456}^{DEF} R_{236}^{BCF} R_{135}^{ACE} R_{124}^{ABD} = R_{124}^{ABD} R_{135}^{ACE} R_{236}^{BCF} R_{456}^{DEF}$$

where, A, B, C, D, E, F are Z or O or X.

For A=...=F=O, the irreducibility is known from the representation theory of  $A_q$ . Therefore

$$R_{456}^{OOO} R_{236}^{OOO} R_{135}^{OOO} R_{124}^{OOO} = R_{124}^{OOO} R_{135}^{OOO} R_{236}^{OOO} R_{456}^{OOO} \quad \text{holds. (Kapranov-Voevodsky '94)}$$

Other cases are yet elusive, also due to convergence issue for composition of the locally non-finite 3D R's.

$|i\rangle \otimes |j\rangle \otimes |k\rangle \otimes |l\rangle \otimes |m\rangle \otimes |n\rangle \mapsto |a\rangle \otimes |b\rangle \otimes |c\rangle \otimes |d\rangle \otimes |e\rangle \otimes |f\rangle$  component of  $RRRR = RRRR$ :

$$\sum_{u,v,w,x,y,z} R_{x,y,z}^{d,e,f} R_{v,w,n}^{b,c,z} R_{u,k,m}^{a,w,y} R_{i,j,l}^{u,v,x} = \sum_{u,v,w,x,y,z} R_{u,v,x}^{a,b,d} R_{i,w,y}^{u,c,e} R_{j,k,z}^{v,w,f} R_{l,m,n}^{x,y,z}$$

We have listed up the cases (without X) in which the above sums with prescribed  $a,b,c,d,e,f, l,j,k,l,m,n$  become finite sums due to locally-finiteness. They are given in the next page.



$$\begin{aligned}
R_{456}^{OOO} R_{236}^{OOO} R_{135}^{ZOO} R_{124}^{ZOO} &= R_{124}^{ZOO} R_{135}^{ZOO} R_{236}^{OOO} R_{456}^{OOO}, \\
R_{456}^{ZOO} R_{236}^{OOO} R_{135}^{OOO} R_{124}^{OOZ} &= R_{124}^{OOZ} R_{135}^{OOO} R_{236}^{OOO} R_{456}^{ZOO}, \\
R_{456}^{OOZ} R_{236}^{OOZ} R_{135}^{OOO} R_{124}^{OOO} &= R_{124}^{OOO} R_{135}^{OOO} R_{236}^{OOZ} R_{456}^{OOZ}, \\
R_{456}^{OOZ} R_{236}^{OOZ} R_{135}^{ZOO} R_{124}^{ZOO} &= R_{124}^{ZOO} R_{135}^{ZOO} R_{236}^{OOZ} R_{456}^{OOZ}.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
R_{456}^{OOO} R_{236}^{ZOO} R_{135}^{OOO} R_{124}^{OZO} &= R_{124}^{OZO} R_{135}^{OOO} R_{236}^{ZOO} R_{456}^{OOO}, \\
R_{456}^{OZO} R_{236}^{OOO} R_{135}^{OOZ} R_{124}^{OOO} &= R_{124}^{OOO} R_{135}^{OOZ} R_{236}^{OOO} R_{456}^{OZO}, \\
R_{456}^{OOO} R_{236}^{ZOO} R_{135}^{ZOO} R_{124}^{ZZO} &= R_{124}^{ZZO} R_{135}^{ZOO} R_{236}^{ZOO} R_{456}^{OOO}, \\
R_{456}^{ZOO} R_{236}^{OOO} R_{135}^{ZOO} R_{124}^{ZOZ} &= R_{124}^{ZOZ} R_{135}^{ZOO} R_{236}^{OOO} R_{456}^{ZOO}, \\
R_{456}^{ZOO} R_{236}^{ZOO} R_{135}^{OOO} R_{124}^{OZZ} &= R_{124}^{OZZ} R_{135}^{OOO} R_{236}^{ZOO} R_{456}^{ZOO}, \\
R_{456}^{ZZO} R_{236}^{OOO} R_{135}^{OOZ} R_{124}^{OOZ} &= R_{124}^{OOZ} R_{135}^{OOZ} R_{236}^{OOO} R_{456}^{ZZO}, \\
R_{456}^{ZOZ} R_{236}^{OOZ} R_{135}^{OOO} R_{124}^{OOZ} &= R_{124}^{OOZ} R_{135}^{OOO} R_{236}^{OOZ} R_{456}^{ZOZ}, \\
R_{456}^{OZZ} R_{236}^{OOZ} R_{135}^{OOZ} R_{124}^{OOO} &= R_{124}^{OOO} R_{135}^{OOZ} R_{236}^{OOZ} R_{456}^{OZZ}, \\
R_{456}^{ZOO} R_{236}^{ZOO} R_{135}^{ZOO} R_{124}^{ZZZ} &= R_{124}^{ZZZ} R_{135}^{ZOO} R_{236}^{ZOO} R_{456}^{ZOO}, \\
R_{456}^{ZZZ} R_{236}^{OOZ} R_{135}^{OOZ} R_{124}^{OOZ} &= R_{124}^{OOZ} R_{135}^{OOZ} R_{236}^{OOZ} R_{456}^{ZZZ}.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
R_{456}^{OOO} R_{236}^{OZO} R_{135}^{OZO} R_{124}^{OOO} &= R_{124}^{OOO} R_{135}^{OZO} R_{236}^{OZO} R_{456}^{OOO}, \\
R_{456}^{OOO} R_{236}^{OZO} R_{135}^{ZZO} R_{124}^{ZOO} &= R_{124}^{ZOO} R_{135}^{ZZO} R_{236}^{OZO} R_{456}^{OOO}, \\
R_{456}^{OZO} R_{236}^{OOO} R_{135}^{ZOZ} R_{124}^{ZOO} &= R_{124}^{ZOO} R_{135}^{ZOZ} R_{236}^{OOO} R_{456}^{OZO}, \\
R_{456}^{OOO} R_{236}^{ZZO} R_{135}^{OZO} R_{124}^{OZO} &= R_{124}^{OZO} R_{135}^{OZO} R_{236}^{ZZO} R_{456}^{OOO}, \\
R_{456}^{OOZ} R_{236}^{ZOZ} R_{135}^{OOO} R_{124}^{OZO} &= R_{124}^{OZO} R_{135}^{OOO} R_{236}^{ZOZ} R_{456}^{OOZ}, \\
R_{456}^{ZOO} R_{236}^{OZO} R_{135}^{OZO} R_{124}^{OOZ} &= R_{124}^{OOZ} R_{135}^{OZO} R_{236}^{OZO} R_{456}^{ZOO}, \\
R_{456}^{OZO} R_{236}^{OZO} R_{135}^{OZZ} R_{124}^{OOO} &= R_{124}^{OOO} R_{135}^{OZZ} R_{236}^{OZO} R_{456}^{OZO}, \\
R_{456}^{OOZ} R_{236}^{OZZ} R_{135}^{OZO} R_{124}^{OOO} &= R_{124}^{OOO} R_{135}^{OZO} R_{236}^{OZZ} R_{456}^{OOZ}, \\
R_{456}^{OZO} R_{236}^{OZO} R_{135}^{ZZZ} R_{124}^{ZOO} &= R_{124}^{ZOO} R_{135}^{ZZZ} R_{236}^{OZO} R_{456}^{OZO}, \\
R_{456}^{OOZ} R_{236}^{ZZZ} R_{135}^{OZO} R_{124}^{OZO} &= R_{124}^{OZO} R_{135}^{OZO} R_{236}^{ZZZ} R_{456}^{OOZ}.
\end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
R_{456}^{OOO} R_{236}^{OOO} R_{135}^{ZOO} R_{124}^{ZOO} &= R_{124}^{ZOO} R_{135}^{ZOO} R_{236}^{OOO} R_{456}^{OOO}, \\
R_{456}^{ZOO} R_{236}^{OOO} R_{135}^{OOO} R_{124}^{OOZ} &= R_{124}^{OOZ} R_{135}^{OOO} R_{236}^{OOO} R_{456}^{ZOO}, \\
R_{456}^{OOZ} R_{236}^{OOZ} R_{135}^{OOO} R_{124}^{OOO} &= R_{124}^{OOO} R_{135}^{OOO} R_{236}^{OOZ} R_{456}^{OOZ}, \\
R_{456}^{OOZ} R_{236}^{OOZ} R_{135}^{ZOO} R_{124}^{ZOO} &= R_{124}^{ZOO} R_{135}^{ZOO} R_{236}^{OOZ} R_{456}^{OOZ}.
\end{aligned}$$

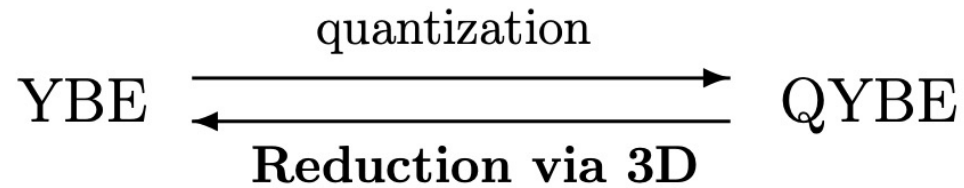
$$\begin{aligned}
R_{456}^{OOO} R_{236}^{ZOO} R_{135}^{OOO} R_{124}^{OZO} &= R_{124}^{OZO} R_{135}^{OOO} R_{236}^{ZOO} R_{456}^{OOO}, \\
R_{456}^{OZO} R_{236}^{OOO} R_{135}^{OOZ} R_{124}^{OOO} &= R_{124}^{OOO} R_{135}^{OOZ} R_{236}^{OOO} R_{456}^{OZO}, \\
R_{456}^{OOO} R_{236}^{ZOO} R_{135}^{ZOO} R_{124}^{ZZO} &= R_{124}^{ZZO} R_{135}^{ZOO} R_{236}^{ZOO} R_{456}^{OOO}, \\
R_{456}^{ZOO} R_{236}^{OOO} R_{135}^{ZOO} R_{124}^{ZOZ} &= R_{124}^{ZOZ} R_{135}^{ZOO} R_{236}^{OOO} R_{456}^{ZOO}, \\
R_{456}^{ZOO} R_{236}^{ZOO} R_{135}^{OOO} R_{124}^{OZZ} &= R_{124}^{OZZ} R_{135}^{OOO} R_{236}^{ZOO} R_{456}^{ZOO}, \\
R_{456}^{ZZO} R_{236}^{OOO} R_{135}^{OOZ} R_{124}^{OOZ} &= R_{124}^{OOZ} R_{135}^{OOZ} R_{236}^{OOO} R_{456}^{ZZO}, \\
R_{456}^{ZOZ} R_{236}^{OOZ} R_{135}^{OOO} R_{124}^{OOZ} &= R_{124}^{OOZ} R_{135}^{OOO} R_{236}^{OOZ} R_{456}^{ZOZ}, \\
R_{456}^{OZZ} R_{236}^{OOZ} R_{135}^{OOZ} R_{124}^{OOO} &= R_{124}^{OOO} R_{135}^{OOZ} R_{236}^{OOZ} R_{456}^{OZZ}, \\
R_{456}^{ZOO} R_{236}^{ZOO} R_{135}^{ZOO} R_{124}^{ZZZ} &= R_{124}^{ZZZ} R_{135}^{ZOO} R_{236}^{ZOO} R_{456}^{ZOO}, \\
R_{456}^{ZZZ} R_{236}^{OOZ} R_{135}^{OOZ} R_{124}^{OOZ} &= R_{124}^{OOZ} R_{135}^{OOZ} R_{236}^{OOZ} R_{456}^{ZZZ}.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
R_{456}^{OOO} R_{236}^{OZO} R_{135}^{OZO} R_{124}^{OOO} &= R_{124}^{OOO} R_{135}^{OZO} R_{236}^{OZO} R_{456}^{OOO}, \\
R_{456}^{OOO} R_{236}^{OZO} R_{135}^{ZZO} R_{124}^{ZOO} &= R_{124}^{ZOO} R_{135}^{ZZO} R_{236}^{OZO} R_{456}^{OOO}, \\
R_{456}^{OZO} R_{236}^{OOO} R_{135}^{ZOZ} R_{124}^{ZOO} &= R_{124}^{ZOO} R_{135}^{ZOZ} R_{236}^{OOO} R_{456}^{OZO}, \\
R_{456}^{OOO} R_{236}^{ZZO} R_{135}^{OZO} R_{124}^{OZO} &= R_{124}^{OZO} R_{135}^{OZO} R_{236}^{ZZO} R_{456}^{OOO}, \\
R_{456}^{OOZ} R_{236}^{ZOZ} R_{135}^{OOO} R_{124}^{OZO} &= R_{124}^{OZO} R_{135}^{OOO} R_{236}^{ZOZ} R_{456}^{OOZ}, \\
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R_{456}^{OZO} R_{236}^{OZO} R_{135}^{ZZZ} R_{124}^{ZOO} &= R_{124}^{ZOO} R_{135}^{ZZZ} R_{236}^{OZO} R_{456}^{OZO}, \\
R_{456}^{OOZ} R_{236}^{ZZZ} R_{135}^{OZO} R_{124}^{OZO} &= R_{124}^{OZO} R_{135}^{OZO} R_{236}^{ZZZ} R_{456}^{OOZ}.
\end{aligned}$$

**Conjecture** (based on computer experiments)

They are all valid.

# Outlook



generates infinite family of quantum  $R$  matrices.

$q^N = 1$  : Local states can be confined to  $\mathbb{Z}_N$  under  $a^N + b^N = c^N$  type constraints on parameters.

Conjecture (supported by numerics)

$$RRRR = RRRR \text{ is valid for } R = R^{ZZZ}.$$

Any relation to the generalized Chiral Potts model which is connected to  $R = R^{XXX}$  ?